Which vocabulary makes Society readable?

Indian Society carries **30 marks** in Group 2 Screening under the 2023 scheme.
The syllabus includes the structure of Indian society, social issues and welfare mechanisms.
This subject was absent from the 2019 paper and became a full component in the present scheme.

1. Begin with the vocabulary

Learn the terms that later chapters use:

group, status, role, norm, value, socialisation, institution, culture and social stratification.

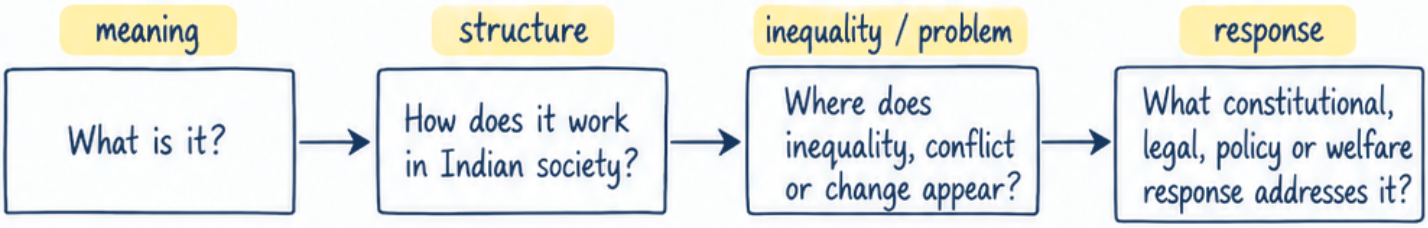
A social institution is an established pattern through which society meets a recurring need. Family, education, economy, religion and political arrangements are examples.

Social stratification refers to structured inequality between groups in access to valued resources or status.

These definitions help you place later topics such as caste, class, tribe, gender and family.

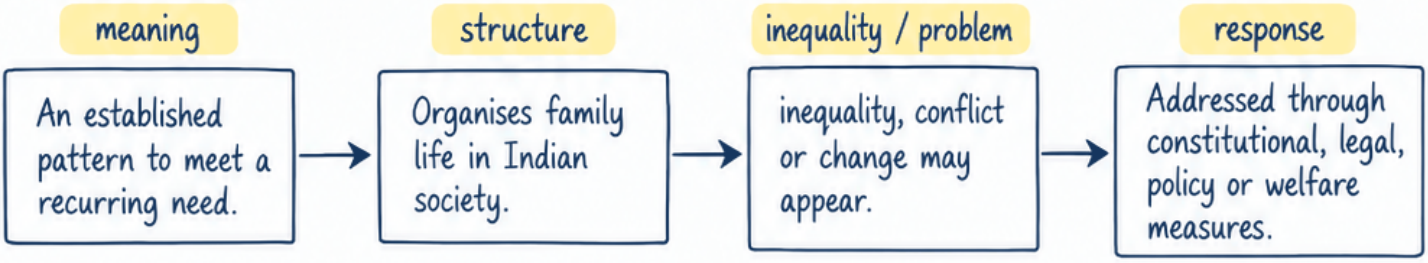
2. One institution, four ways to read it

Use the same four questions for any social institution or issue.



Keep the description separate from approval.

Example: family



3. What a question may and may not ask

A sociology question may ask how an institution functions or changes.
It does not always ask whether it is desirable.

Source boundary: fact-checked V10 article '14-indian-society-screening.md'.
Cycle-bound details must be refreshed after the 2026 notification.

Where should welfare material attach?

1. Connect the basic ideas

Caste, class, tribe and gender are not four unrelated fact lists. They all involve group identity, status, access and inequality in different forms. Family and marriage connect to kinship, inheritance, gender roles and socialisation. Urbanisation and migration connect to work, settlement, family structure and social conflict.

Build these connections before learning programme names.

Caste, class, tribe, gender →
- group identity
- status
- access
- inequality

Family and marriage →
- kinship
- inheritance
- gender roles
- socialisation

Urbanisation and migration →
- work
- settlement
- family structure
- social conflict

2. Add welfare material to the right issue

Place a constitutional provision, law, commission or scheme under the group or problem it addresses. Record its purpose, target group, responsible level of government and one or two features that can change an option.

Social issue or group → Welfare scheme or institution →
- purpose
- target group
- level of government
- key feature(s)

Do not mix a permanent concept with a programme detail that may later be revised.

Date schemes and institutional changes.

3. Use the current paper as direction

BLOOM tagged 28 Society questions in the readable part of the 2024 paper. That confirms that this is a full Screening subject under the present structure. It does not establish permanent topic percentages inside Society.

2024 paper (readable part)
↓
28 Society questions
↓
full Screening subject under the present structure

What to practise
- definition questions
- close pairs
- provision-group matches
- multi-statement combinations

When an option is wrong, identify whether the mistake is in the term, target group, authority or programme feature.

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